PolEval 2024 Emotion and sentiment recognition task

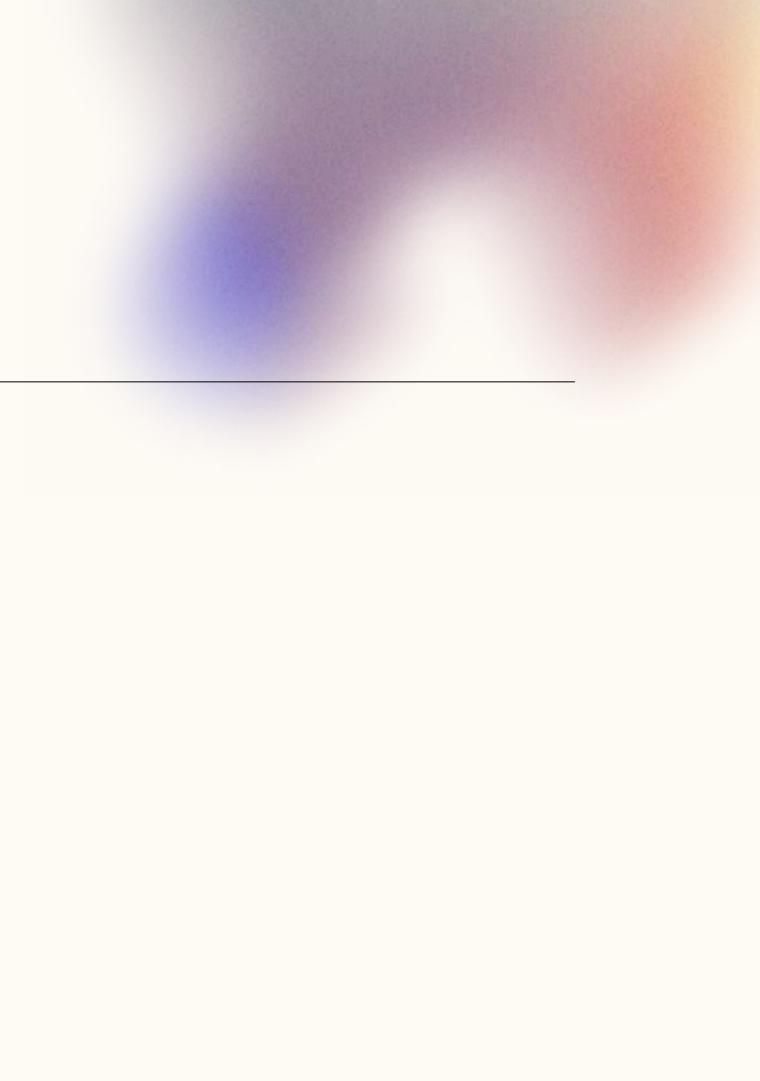
Emotion and Sentiment Recognition using Ensemble Models

Jakub Kosterna

Instytut Podstaw Informatyki Polskiej Akademii Nauk 2024–12–02

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Model Overview



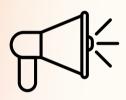
Proposed Solution

 Use an ensemble of five classical machine
 learning algorithms
 to enhance accuracy
 and robustness



Key Model Features

- Input is transformed into 76 numerical features for training
- Features include both discrete and continuous variables



Ensemble Strategy

- Combine predictions from diverse models
- Final decision made via majority voting mechanism

Numerical Dataset Transformation

Purpose of Numerical Transformation

• Prepare text reviews for machine learning by converting them into numerical features

Overview of Transformation Process

- Each dataset is represented by 76 features per example • Features are scaled to the range [0, 1] Features include both discrete and continuous values

Building Blocks for Features

- 4 text variants from preprocessing and correction • 19 features extracted per variant using NLP models

Key Motivation

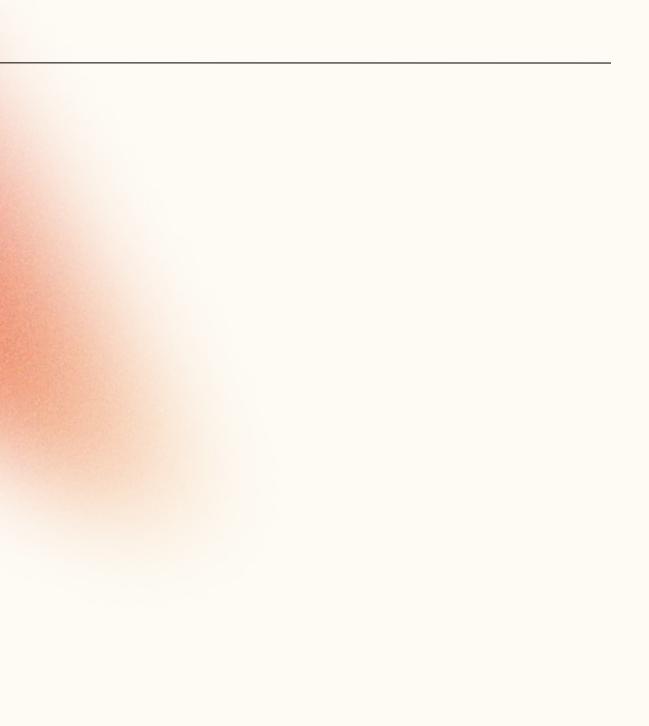
• Diverse numerical representation captures multiple perspectives, enabling robust predictions

4 Text Dataset Variants

- Baseline: original dataset provided by the organizers
- GPT Corrected: corrected by GPT-3.5 for proper Polish language
- Preprocessed Baseline: baseline dataset with

preprocessing applied:

- lowercasing
- removing non-word characters
- stripping extra spaces
- **Preprocessed GPT**: *preprocessed* version of the GPT-corrected dataset.



19 Features per Dataset Variant

Feature Breakdown	 Each text variant contributes 19 feature Capture emotional and sentiment nu
LSTM Model	 Extract 11 features per emotion / sen Embedding layer (128 dimensions); L\$
Herbert	 dkleczek/Polish-Hate-Speech-Det Provides 2 features (binary label + so
XLM-RoBERTa	 cardiffnlp/twitter-xlm-roberta-bas Provides 4 features (sentiment cates)
Multilingual BERT	 nlptown/bert-base-multilingual-ul Provides 2 features (label + score)

tures, resulting in **76 features per review** uances to feed into ensemble models

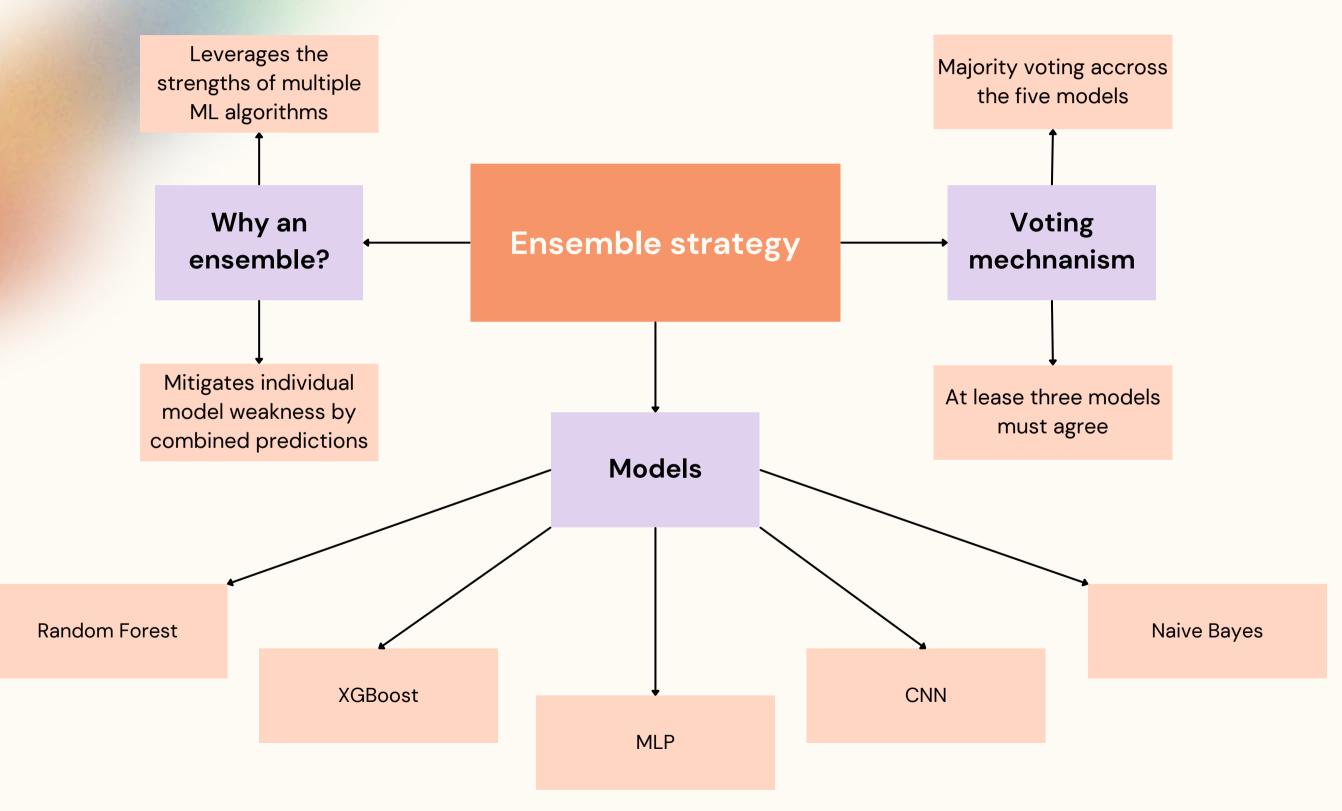
ntiment _STM layer (64 units); Activation: sigmoid

etection-Herbert-Large score)

ase-sentiment egories + confidence score)

uncased-sentiment

Ensemble strategy



Paths to Improvement

Feature Reduction	Apply dimensionality reduction techniq
Data Augmentation	Generate synthetic data to increase tra
Fine-Tuning Pretrained Models	Optimize Hugging Face models for task-
Advanced Voting Mechanisms	Use weighted voting based on model co
Regularization Techniques	Employ methods e.g., dropout, weight d
Explainable Al Integration	Implement tools e.g., SHAP, LIME, to bett

ques (e.g., PCA)

aining size and diversity

k-specific nuances

confidence scores

decay, to reduce overfitting

tter understand and refine

Thank You :)

Any questions?



GitHub repository